



DANGEROUS MIXES



WARNING

The effects listed here can be altered dramatically by such factors as past drinking habits, the amount of alcohol consumed, as well as chronic ailments.



ANTIHISTAMINES
(including many cold remedies and allergy medicines)

= Increased central-nervous-system depression, e.g., drowsiness



ASPIRIN

= Stomach and intestine bleeding.



NARCOTICS
(e.g. Codeine, heroin)

Increased central-nervous-system depression with acute intoxication. Possible respiratory arrest.



NON-NARCOTIC PAINKILLERS
(e.g. Tylenol)

= Stomach and intestine irritation and possible bleeding.



ANTABUSE
(an antialcoholism medication)

= Flushing, hyperventilation, vomiting, drowsiness.



HIGH BLOOD PRESSURE MEDICATIONS

= Increased effect. In some cases, blood pressure can be lowered to dangerous levels.



ORAL ANTICOAGULANTS

= Increased anticoagulant effect initially; decreased effect in chronic drinkers.



ORAL ANTIDIABETIC DRUGS

= A reaction similar to the interaction of Antabuse and alcohol. Decreased antidiabetic effect.



ANTIBIOTICS

= A reaction similar to the interaction of Antabuse and alcohol.



SEDATIVES AND TRANQUILIZERS
(e.g. Valium, Librium, Miltown)

= Increased central-nervous-system depression.